



Profile of the Refereeing Division of the Provincial Board of PBSI Gorontalo 2023

Profil Bidang Perwasitan Pengurus Provinsi PBSI Gorontalo Tahun 2023

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ABSTRAK

Wasit merupakan faktor yang sangat menentukan jalannya pertandingan sesuai aturan, jadi memang seorang wasit bulutangkis harus mengetahui berbagai hal terkait aturan bulutangkis yang benar dan segala fasilitas yang mendukung pertandingan, sarana prasarana pertandingan sertahal-hal yang terkait ke pertandingan. Metode dalam penelitian ini adalah metode survey deskriptif kualitatif. Hasil dari penelitian ini adalah data seluruh wasit di PBSI Gorontalo. Kesimpulan dari penelitian ini adalah semua wasit yang ada di PBSI Provinsi Gorontalo memiliki pengalaman dalam memimpin banyak pertandingan dan semuanya memiliki lisensi baik kota maupun provinsi.

Kata Kunci: Wasit Bulu Tangkis

ABSTRACT

The referee is a very decisive factor for the course of the match according to the rules, so indeed a badminton referee must know various things related to the correct badminton rules and all the facilities that support the match, the match infrastructure as well as matters related to the match. The method in this research is a descriptive qualitative survey method. The results of this study are data on all referees in PBSI Gorontalo. The conclusion of this study is that all of the referees in the PBSI Gorontalo provincial management have experience in leading many matches and all of them have licenses for both the city and the province.

Keywords: Badminton Referee

INTRODUCTION

Badminton is a very popular sport and is often played by all ages, both women and men (Wijaya, 2017). Various championships are often contested starting from the village, district/city, provincial, national and international levels at all age levels starting from early

childhood to veterans. This is because the game of badminton can be reached in all circles of society.

Meanwhile, according to Tony Grice (1996: 1) Badminton game is one of the most famous sports in the world. This sport attracts various age groups, various skill levels, both men and women play this sport indoors or outdoors for recreation as well as competition. Badminton is a sport that is played using a net, racket and shuttlecock with hitting techniques that vary from relatively slow to very fast accompanied by feint movements.

According to Herman Subardjah (1999: 13) badminton game is an individual game that can be done by one person against one person or two people against two people. In this case the game of badminton has the goal that a player tries to drop the shuttlecock in the opponent's playing area and tries so that the opponent cannot hit the shuttle and drop it in his own area.

According to M.L Johnson (1984: 5) badminton or badminton can be said to be an entertainment sport and a match that is loved by young people all over the world. It cannot be denied that the game of badminton, apart from being a sport, can also be used as an object that has many benefits. For example, in reality, badminton can be used as entertainment for a group of people who don't have much time to meet. With badminton, the players can interact with each other so that there will be communication which can eventually become a sustainable relationship in matters outside the field, for example in business.

According to the Ministry of Education and Culture (1978/1979: 129) badminton is a sport that belongs to the group of game sports, can be played indoors or outdoors. field that is bounded by lines in the length and width that has been determined. Furthermore, according to the Ministry of Education and Culture (1978/1979: 129) the field is divided into two equal sizes and separated by a net that is stretched on net poles that are planted on the edge of the field.

According to ballao (in Subarjah. 2010) "Badminton is a game that uses a lot of physical abilities with fast movements and hard punches that are carried out within a few seconds between Long rallies. Meanwhile, according to Husni (2017) explains that "Badminton is a sport that is played by crossing the net using a racket and how come in techniques that vary from relatively slow movements to fast movements." From the two opinions above, it is explained that basically the aim of badminton is to try to drop the shuttlecock in the opponent's playing area and try so that the opponent cannot hit the shuttlecock and drop it in his own playing area. At the time of playing each player must try so that the shuttlecock does not touch the floor in its own playing area. If the shuttlecock falls on the floor or gets caught in the net, the game stops.

The Badminton World Federation in its statutes regulates the rules or regulations for badminton explaining that :

The court must be a rectangle drawn with lines 40 mm wide, the lines must be easily identifiable and preferably white or yellow, all lines forming part of the defined area. The net post must be 1.55 meters high from the surface of the court and must remain vertical when the net is pulled, the net post must not be placed outside the court. The net shall be made of fine dark colored material of the same thickness as netting not less than 15 mm and not more than 20 mm, net width must be 760 mm and minimum length 6.10 meters. The top of the net must be provided with white tape 75 mm wide double on the rope, the top of the net from the surface of the court must be 1.524 m in the middle of the court 1.55 m.

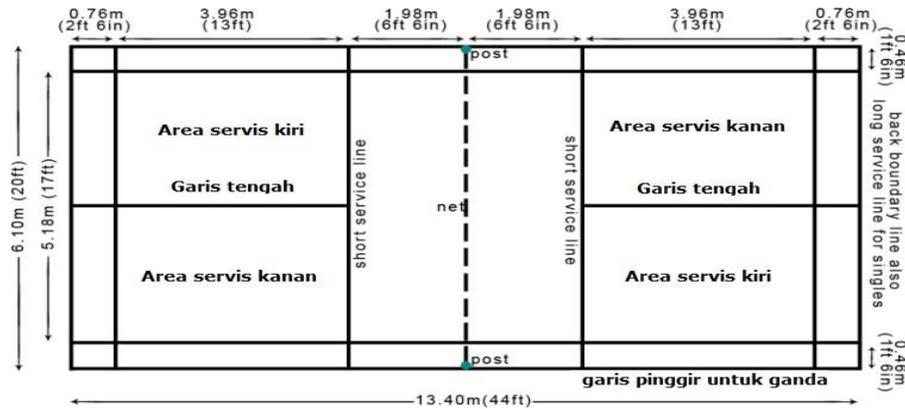


Figure 1. Badminton Court Size Source: BWF Statutes, Laws of Badminton

PBSI is an acronym for the All Indonesian Badminton Association which is the highest branch of badminton in Indonesia as well as overseeing all management from all provinces in Indonesia. PBSI also facilitates all types of badminton activities both regarding organizing events and those related to refereeing (Diatmika et al., 2021). In the personnel composition of the management committee of the Badminton Association, the Chairperson is assisted by several sub-sectors, one of which is the Refereeing Sub-sector which deals with referees according to PBSI standards.

Indonesia has several international level referees and often leads championships at a high level. One of the achievements of referees originating from Indonesia was when an Indonesian referee named Wahyana became one of the referees at the 2020 Tokyo Olympics. This is an honor in itself because being able to serve in a major championship which is not held every year and everyone definitely wants to take part in an Olympic-class championship event. The requirement to be able to lead a championship at a large level is to have a license according to the World Badminton Association. Several stages must be passed starting from the branch level (City/Regency), Regional (Province), National B and National A. Starting from the lowest branch, namely from the city level license, it must be carried out by going through the selection stage with qualified flight hours and experience and has repeatedly led the Event in the hope of getting quality referees so that later they

could regenerate referees who already have higher licenses. A badminton referee is someone who leads the match and is able to make decisions in all circumstances and does not take sides with any player and is able to uphold and enforce applicable rules (Arif et al., 2022).

From the results of an interview with the chairman of the Refereeing and Competition division of the PBSI Gorontalo provincial board, Pak Feriyanto E Mahmud, S.Pd, he said that the referees in Gorontalo Province were quite good, this was because the average referee had lead various events which often took place held in Gorontalo. He added that it was appropriate for badminton referees to be in Pengprov. Gorontalo can lead other more prestigious events outside Gorontalo. It is also the author's goal to find out the profile of the PBSI Gorontalo provincial management in the field of refereeing.

Research methods

This study used a survey method with a descriptive qualitative research type which was specifically designed to determine real conditions in the field (Thabroni, 2022). In this study, a population of 15 people consisted of 1 woman and 14 men. Research data was collected through interviews with an oral question and answer process which took place in one direction (Widiastuti et al., 2018).

Results and Discussion

No	Name	Gender	Address	license
1	Dwi Sriyanto	Male	Gorontalo	Province
2	Rahmayanti Papatungan	Female	Bonebolango	Province
3	Muh. Rayyan Patilima	Male	Bolaang mongondow	Province
4	Abdul Latif Buhari	Male	Gorontalo	Province
5	Mustaqim Putra Uti	Male	Gorontalo	Province
6	Prediyanto Mustapa	Male	Gorontalo	Province
7	Nolki Yasin Unggati	Male	Bonebolango	Province
8	Sukriyanto Usu	Male	Gorontalo Utara	Province
9	Arman	Male	Bonebolango	Province
10	Ardin Abdul Gani	Male	Gorontalo	Province
11	Andri Muda	Male	Gorontalo	Province
12	Sumitro Jimmi Harun	Male	Gorontalo	Province
13	Agus Ome	Male	Pohuwato	Province
14	Darwis B Dukalang	Male	Gorontalo	Province
15	Udin Ibrahim	Male	Pohuwato	Province
16	Alvian T. Lahati	Male	Gorontalo	District/ city

The table above shows the referee data for the Gorontalo PBSI provincial management which was obtained from the results of interviews with the chair of the Refereeing and Events division. The number of recorded badminton referees in Gorontalo Province is 16 consisting of 15 men and 1 woman. This shows that the number of badminton referees is dominated by men. In line with the results of an interview with Mr. Feri, said "indeed, for the time being, badminton referees in Gorontalo Province are dominated by men, because when we opened registration for badminton referee license activities only 1 woman registered."

Discussion

The quality and standards of referees are very decisive and fundamental to lead in a match on a provincial, national and international scale (Sari & Barikah, 2019). The data summarized from the interview results are badminton referees in Gorontalo Province as many as 16 people with various experiences and have led in several matches in Gorontalo.

Recorded from 16 provincial management badminton referees. Gorontalo with details of leading the match as follows:

1. Two referees officiated a match at the 2014 Gorontalo State University Student Sports Week
2. Four referees in the Mayor's Cup 2017 match
3. Eight referees lead the 2021 Future Event
4. Four people lead the 2022 Molinggapoto Cup match
5. Four people lead in the Syam T. Ase Cup 2022 match
6. Four referees officiate in the 2022 Wubudu Cup Event
7. Six referees lead the Ceria Cup 2022 Regent Event
8. Four umpires officiate in the 2022 AHN PB Tournament
9. Eight referees officiated at the Arummi Cup 2 2022 Event
10. Four referees at the Bhayangkara Cup 2022 event
11. Eight referees at DBON Gorontalo Province 2022
12. Sixteen referees officiate at the 2022 Gorontalo provincial sports week
13. Eight referees in the Smart City Cup 2022
14. Fifteen referees officiated at the 2023 Gorontalo Provincial Agencies Event
15. Four referees at the 2023 Gorut event, four people at the halal bi halal event 2023, four people at BonebolangoCemerlang and four people at the National Student Sports Olympiad Cup.

Based on the data obtained through an interview with Mr. Feriyanto, the badminton referee in Gorontalo Province is in the Excelent category. This shows that the existence of a badminton referee who has led in many championships in Gorontalo Province is the desire of the referee committee to prepare reliable referees. Therefore, the badminton referee is in

the provincial board. Gorontalo is already in the appropriate category to take the Grade B and A Badminton Referee license.

Conclusion

From the results of the study it can be concluded that of the sixteen badminton referees in the provincial management. PBSI Gorontalo fourteen people have Provincial licenses and two City licenses. With this number of referees, all of them have led many events in Gorontalo Province, both city/regency scale events and provincial scale events.

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